

Type: Invited Presentation

Final Abstract Number: 02.004
 Session: *Prevention of Childhood Pneumonia Through Vaccination*
 Date: Thursday, March 3, 2016
 Time: 10:15-12:15
 Room: Hall 1

The path to pneumonia prevention in India - Call to action

R. Kumar

Reproductive and Child Health, Delhi, India

Abstract: (no abstract received from presenter)

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ijid.2016.02.030>

Type: Invited Presentation

Final Abstract Number: 03.001
 Session: *Potential Role of Dengue Vaccination in Integrated Disease Prevention and Control*
 Date: Thursday, March 3, 2016
 Time: 10:15-12:15
 Room: Hall 2

The burden of dengue: Insights from large scale clinical studies

O. Brady

University of Oxford, Oxford, United Kingdom

Abstract: (no abstract received from presenter)

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ijid.2016.02.031>

Type: Invited Presentation

Final Abstract Number: 03.002
 Session: *Potential Role of Dengue Vaccination in Integrated Disease Prevention and Control*
 Date: Thursday, March 3, 2016
 Time: 10:15-12:15
 Room: Hall 2

Recent update on dengue vaccine development

P. Pitisuttiithum

Mahidol University, Bangkok, Thailand

Abstract: (no abstract received from presenter)

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ijid.2016.02.032>

Type: Invited Presentation

Final Abstract Number: 03.003
 Session: *Potential Role of Dengue Vaccination in Integrated Disease Prevention and Control*
 Date: Thursday, March 3, 2016
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Dengue vaccination impact: Perspective from modeling

T. Hladish

University of Florida, Gainesville, FL, USA

Abstract: (no abstract received from presenter)

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ijid.2016.02.033>

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Roadmap for dengue vaccination introduction in Mexico

M. Betancourt-Cravioto

Fundacion Carlos Slim, Mexico City, Mexico

Abstract: (no abstract received from presenter)

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ijid.2016.02.034>

Type: Invited Presentation

Final Abstract Number: 04.001
 Session: *Diagnosis and Treatment of Carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteriaceae*
 Date: Thursday, March 3, 2016
 Time: 10:15-12:15
 Room: Hall 5

Non-molecular detection of carbapenemases in Enterobacteriaceae clinical isolates

L. Martinez-Martinez

Universidad de Cantabria, Santander, Spain

Abstract: Reliable and accurate detection of carbapenemase-producing enterobacteria (CPE) is based on both non-molecular (phenotypic) and molecular methods. The obvious first step is recognition of carbapenem resistance using clinical breakpoints (EUCAST/CLSI); however, as some susceptible enterobacteria can still produce a carbapenemase, screening criteria (as defined by EUCAST), whole pattern of β -lactam resistance and simultaneous resistance to other families should also be considered. Care should